The Green Card Maze:
Sponsoring faculty for U.S. permanent residency

Office of International Education
Immigration Services (IS)
The Green Card Maze

This session will cover:

- The employment based routes to Legal Permanent Residency (LPR) available through UGA (EMPLOYMENT) sponsorship for teaching faculty.

- Overview of Immigration Process (aka – getting a “green card”)

- Step by step information to help you understand the process and the role the sponsoring department and the employee will play in each application.
Obtaining LPR is a matter of eligibility. There are **4 main routes to LPR:**

- **Family Based**
  - 226,000 visas per year

- **Employment Based**
  - 140,000 per year

- **Visa Lottery**
  - 55,000 per year

- **Humanitarian (refugees and Asylees)**
  - 10,000 per year
Self-sponsorship

National Interest Waiver (NIW)

Alien of Extraordinary Ability
Employment Sponsorship

- Outstanding Professor/Researcher (EB1)
- Labor Certification
  - PERM for College/University Teacher (EB2)
  - PERM for Standard Process (EB-2 (Non-teaching) and EB3)
The most important things to remember about the “PR” process....

It’s confusing, frustrating, expensive, counter-intuitive and time-consuming
Which employees are eligible?

- **UGA policy is very liberal:**
  - Position must require a Bachelor’s degree
  - Employee must have that degree, and any required prior work experience; in general work experience required cannot have been obtained while working at UGA
  - Position must be full-time employment
  - Department must intend to hire permanently or indefinitely
  - Department must agree to pay for sponsorship, and assist with required paperwork
  - Employee must be personally eligible for U.S. permanent residency
Initiating the PR Process for International Faculty

- Request access to our “iStart” portal:
  - [http://istart.uga.edu](http://istart.uga.edu)
  - Click on Administrative Services, and login using your UGA MyID
  - Complete and submit the request form.
  - We will be in touch within one business day to grant you access to the online request forms

- Accuracy and consistency in defining the job description, minimum requirements, and previous required experience is essential

- Internal Fee payment – charged upon form submission

- Managing expectations – timing; difficulties; outcomes
EB-1b: Outstanding Professor or Researcher

- Difficult standard to meet
- Must prove:
  - Three years experience teaching or conducting research
  - Offer of “permanent” or tenure-track position at a U.S. College or University
  - Recognized internationally as a scholar or teacher who is outstanding in a specific academic area
  - Evidence needs to be provided in support of the petition
OPR – Must show evidence in at least two of the following categories

- (A) Documentation of the alien's receipt of major prizes or awards for outstanding achievement in the academic field;
- (B) Documentation of the alien's membership in associations in the academic field which require outstanding achievements in the academic field;
- (C) Published material in professional publications written by others about the alien's work in the academic field. Material shall include the title, date, and author of the material, and translation if needed;
- (D) Evidence of the alien's participation as the judge of the work of others in the same or an allied academic field;
- (E) Evidence of the alien's original scientific or scholarly research contributions to the academic field; or
- (F) Evidence of the alien's authorship of scholarly books or articles (in scholarly journals with international circulation) in the academic field.
## Costs / Benefits to Filing OPR

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Costs</th>
<th>Benefits</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| • A good deal of work in assembling and reviewing documentation  
• Subjective decision on the part of U.S. CIS | • Category not currently backlogged for immigrant visa issuance  
• No Labor certification required from DOL |
EB-2: Labor Certification generally required

There are 4 steps involved:

- Applying for Dept. of Labor (DOL) certified “Prevailing Wage”
- Filing PERM DOL “Labor Certification” (LC) application (ETA 9089, filed by employer)
  - Attestation-based process, but we must maintain all evidence
- Filing the I-140 (filed by employer)
- Filing the I-485 (filed by employee)
Prevailing Wage

- First step, following agreement on job description and requirements
- Prevailing wage determination obtained from the Department of Labor; online
- Can take 8 – 10 weeks or more to receive
- Employers required to offer 100% of prevailing wage as salary
What is it?
- Program Electronic Review Management System
- DOL attestation-based Labor Certification (LC) application to prove an employer cannot find qualified U.S. workers to fill an open position
- Requires very strict adherence to DOL standards for recruiting
- As a result, we sometimes need to “re-recruit” for a position that is already filled (counter-intuitive part)
- Several different types of PERM applications are possible, with differing standards
- EB-3; EB-2; EB-2 Special Handling
PERM categories for teaching faculty

- EB-2 Special Handling: For College or University teaching positions that require classroom teaching

- EB-2 NIW: Exempted from the LC filing if we can prove work is in “the national interest”. No need for an employer sponsorship
PERM – Special Handling

- Available for College and University Teachers; position must require classroom teaching
- Abbreviated advertising requirements; but still specific
- Can use results of competitive recruitment process, if LC can be filed within **18 months** of job offer date (date on offer letter) AND
- If position advertisement included one qualifying print or online ad in a national journal that has a job listing service, and evidence that ad was run, if online, for 30 days minimum.
- One internal posting notice, posted for 10 business days in the department and in HR
...The bad news...

- if ad does not have all the clear minimum required qualifications listed – OR
- if more than 18 months from date of offer OR
- If hired international did not meet all minimum ad requirements
- Then we must re-advertise and re-recruit.
- This is called a “labor market test” by the Dept. of Labor
Special Handling Process:

- Apply for DoL prevailing wage
- Prove advertise was placed in one online national or international journal for a minimum of 30 days, or one print national or international journal
- Document the evaluation of all applicants
- Document in recruitment report to IS why our candidate is the best qualified
- Retain all documentation pertaining to the search for five years. (10 years in compliance with USG requirements)
Defining the Job and its Requirements

- Ad content is critical: use Employers true minimum requirements, not foreign national’s qualifications; min. degree required must be listed
  - i.e.: ABD instead of PhD
- When do minimum requirements qualify as “Normal” to the occupation?
  - Set in general terms by DoL in online database - O*Net
- Job requirements cannot be overly restrictive.
- Experience gained on the job at UGA cannot be counted toward meeting any minimum requirements.
- New FacultyJobs portal routes the ad to OIE for approval.
Internal Posting Requirement

- Employer must post a notice of the job opportunity at the worksite for 10 consecutive business days. IS will send this to the sponsoring Department and HR.

- IS will email the department the posting and will notify the department when to remove it and obtain department head signature.

- IS must receive the original signed posting back to place in the DoL audit file.
Preparing Recruitment Report

- All recruitment conducted must be listed in detail

- Document that all responses received were evaluated

- Explain why the other applicants were not as well qualified as the international employee

- Confirm all laid off employees were notified of job opportunity (if applicable)

- All of this must occur within 18 months of the job offer date.
Audit file requirements prior to filing

- 30 day quiet period required after last ad before case can be filed. During this time you will be required to forward all documents necessary to ISSIS as required for the audit file.

- All recruitment conducted must be listed in detail

- Document that all responses received were evaluated
Filing the PERM application (ETA 9089 Form)

- IS has the only signature authority for UGA to file the LC (DOL Form 9089). This form requires extensive and detailed information. At the appropriate time the department and employee will receive an inquiry from ISSIS requesting information required for the form.

- Employer is contacted by DOL via email or phone call after filing to confirm valid application.

- Once filed, corrections can’t be made
Next Steps?

- Wait for Labor Certification approval (about 2 to 4 months, if no audit)
- Once approved and received, employer can file I-140 petition
- If employee is not in a backlogged immigrant visa category, he or she can also file personal application for the green card “concurrently” – called the I-485, or “Adjustment of Status” application
- Timing of Labor Cert filing: 8 to 9 months if no audit; 2 – 3 years for audits and or appeals
- Approx. 30% of cases are audited nationally (10% for UGA)
Concurrently filing the I-140 and I-485 is possible. Some people may want to file concurrently due to the following:

- **EAD** – flexible work permission, unlike the H1B
- Spouse can get EAD and thus work permission
- Advanced parole for travel purposes negates the need for obtaining a visa
- Visa cost: with the I-485 and travel document, no non-immigrant visa renewal is required
- Internationals cannot file concurrently unless there is a visa number available (see Visa Bulletin)

http://travel.state.gov/visa/frvi/bulletin/bulletin_1360.html

IS cannot legally advise on filing the I-485 but we can assemble and prepare the forms and documents
What is a priority date?

- For applications filed directly with USCIS it’s the date it is received at the USCIS service center.
- For application involving the DOL it is the date the Labor Certification was submitted electronically.
Why does this matter?

• An immigrant visa must be available to the beneficiary of the labor cert/I-140 BEFORE the immigrant can file an I-485 for the green card.
• The visa bulletin contains information about the availability of the visas in a particular category (EB-1, EB-2, EB-3).
• Beneficiaries have to check the visa bulletin to determine if they can file the I-485.
• Filing of the employer’s I-140 does not give the international any legal status in the U.S., nor any work eligibility. Vital for the international to have and to maintain an underlying work visa status (usually an H-1B) until the green card is approved.
If there is a backlog in the category under which we filed, the priority date showing on the Visa Bulletin will determine if an I-485 can be filed. If the beneficiary’s priority date is before the date listed for the EB category and the beneficiary has an approved I-140 petition, he/she may file an I-485 application.

If the beneficiary’s priority date is on or after the dated listed, he/she cannot file the I-485. The beneficiary will need to maintain current immigration status to remain in the U.S.

H status can be extended beyond 6 years if 365 days have elapsed beyond the priority date.
# Visa backlogs

**Visa Bulletin for August 2015**

Published by the U.S. Department of State

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Employment-Based</th>
<th>All Chargeability Areas Except Those Listed</th>
<th>CHINA - mainland born</th>
<th>INDIA</th>
<th>MEXICO</th>
<th>PHILIPPINES</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1st</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2nd</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>15DEC13</td>
<td>01OCT08</td>
<td>C</td>
<td>C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3rd</td>
<td>15JUL15</td>
<td>01JUN04</td>
<td>01JUN04</td>
<td>15JUL15</td>
<td>01JUN04</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Required Forms:

- Three request “steps” to initiate the sponsorship:
  - Step 1: iStart access (http://istart.uga.edu)
  - Step 2: Department representative completes department forms
  - Step 3: Employee completes employee biographical information forms

We appreciate your help...and patience....;-)

- The immigration advisor will then be in touch to begin the process.
Filing Costs

- All advertising costs
- Internal ISSIS “cost recovery fee”: $2,193. (fee for service, not approval); $500. for AoS assistance
- DHS filing fee I-140 application: $580.
- DHS premium processing I-907 application if time is short: $1,225.
- Total: $2,773 to $4,498
- Personal cost to employee for green card application – I-485 application: $1,070. Additional $1,070 for spouse / children over 16. Dept can choose to pay this if UGA policies and funding sources allow.
- Employee can only pay the I-485 fees, and the premium processing fee (if salary is $1,225. above prevailing wage).
The goal....
IS Contact Information

- Immigration Services
- Office of International Education
- 1324 South Lumpkin Street
- Athens, GA 30602

- (706) 542-2900
- Fax: (706) 583-0106
- issis@uga.edu
- www.international.uga.edu/issis